# Assorted NLL small-*x* comments (with emphasis on preasymptotics)

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In collaboration with M. Ciafaloni, D. Colferai and A. Staśto

QCD at cosmic energies Erice, August 30 – September 4, 2004 Contents inspired by discussion during workshop

- Relative importance of running coupling versus higher orders (cf. Mueller) Many features common to all problems with cutoffs:
  - saturation
  - splitting function (will explain why  $\equiv$  cutoff)

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  - splitting function (will explain why  $\equiv$  cutoff)
- Give discussion in context of CCSS approach
  - NLL BFKL supplemented with DGLAP effects
  - numerical solutions of resulting equations ('no approximations')
  - extraction of splitting function

(cf. Ciafaloni)

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- Give discussion in context of CCSS approach
  - NLL BFKL supplemented with DGLAP effects
  - numerical solutions of resulting equations ('no approximations')
  - extraction of splitting function
- Characteristic result: significant preasymptotic effects
  - impact on phenomenology?
  - convolution of splitting function with CTEQ gluon

(question by Strikman)

(cf. Ciafaloni)

### Improved NLLx? Start with kernel...





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 Splitting function: red paths

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#### **Factorisation**

- Splitting function: red paths
- Green function: all paths

Splitting function  $\equiv$  evolution with cutoff





Two classes of correction, to power growth  $\omega$ :

$$\omega = 4\ln 2\,\bar{\alpha}_{\mathsf{s}}(Q^2) \left( 1 - \underbrace{6.5\,\bar{\alpha}_{\mathsf{s}}}_{NLL} - \underbrace{4.0\,\bar{\alpha}_{\mathsf{s}}^{2/3}}_{running} + \cdots \right)$$

 $\bar{\alpha}_{\rm s} = \alpha_{\rm s} N_c / \pi$ 

- NLL piece is universal
- running piece appears only in problems with cutoffs
  - a consequence of asymmetry due to cutoff (only scales higher than cutoff contribute)

 $\alpha_{\rm s}(Q^2) \to \alpha_{\rm s}(Q^2 e^{-X/(b\alpha_{\rm s})^{1/3}})$ 

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Beyond first terms, not possible to separate effects of 'pure' higher orders & running coupling









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- Individually, running coupling and NLL effects are large
- BFKL 'power' has only moderate extra suppression when combining both non-linearities between higher-orders and running coupling

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Likely to be true also for saturation scale  $Q^2_s(x)$ ...

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 Various 'dips' have been seen Thorne '99, '01 (running α<sub>s</sub>, NLLx) ABF '99–'03 (fits, running α<sub>s</sub>) CCSS '01,'03 (running α<sub>s</sub>, NLL<sub>B</sub>)

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NNLO DGLAP gives a clue. . . -1.54 \ \bar{\alpha}_{\rm s}^3 \ln \frac{1}{x}
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Assorted NLL small- $\boldsymbol{x}$  comments (with emphasis on preasymptotics) – p.11/16



Assorted NLL small-*a* comments (with emphasis on preasymptotics) - p.11/16



Assorted NLL small-æ comments (with emphasis on preasymptotics) - p.11/16

# Systematic expansion in $\sqrt{\alpha_{\rm s}}$





Depth of dip  $-d\simeq -1.237\bar{\alpha}_{\rm s}^{5/2}$ 

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Position of dip
$$\ln \frac{1}{x_{\min}} \simeq \frac{1.156}{\sqrt{\bar{\alpha}_s}} + 6.947$$

Depth of dip

$$-d \simeq -1.237 \bar{\alpha}_{\rm s}^{5/2} - 11.15 \bar{\alpha}_{\rm s}^3$$

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<u>NB:</u>

- convergence is very poor As ever at small x!
- higher-order terms in expansion need NNLLx info

### **Phenomenological impact?**

Phenomenological relevance comes through impact on growth of small-x gluon with  $Q^2$ .

$$\frac{\partial g(x,Q^2)}{d\ln Q^2} = P_{gg} \otimes g + P_{gq} \otimes q$$

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At small x,  $P_{gg} \otimes g$  dominates.

Take CTEQ6M gluon as 'test' case for convolution.

Because it's nicely behaved at small-x

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## $P_{gg}\otimes g(x)$



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# $P_{gg}\otimes g(x)$



### Conclusions

- Quantities such as 'BFKL power' are nice for discussing certain asymptotic properties
- BUT: Preasymptotic effects cannot be neglected, often even for cosmic-ray energies.
- Specifically for  $P_{gg}$ 
  - $P_{gg}$  has *dip*, strongly influenced by NNLO DGLAP
  - For low Q, after convolution with gluon, dip and rise compensate  $\rightarrow$  similar to NLO!