

# Collider reach <sup>$\beta$</sup>

Quick (and dirty) estimates for hadron machines

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BSM physics opportunities at 100 TeV

# Aim

- Want to give you a quick (and dirty) estimate of the relation between the mass reaches of different proton-proton collider setups
- Ignore all subtleties, just allow for a base-line check
- If the estimate differs a lot from sophisticated simulations, something interesting has happened:
  - brick-wall (new irreducible backgrounds, granularity of assumed detectors, ...)
  - too conservative or non-optimal estimates

# Example

Assume we are currently sensitive to gluinos of 1200 GeV (95%  $CL_s$ , 8 TeV, 20 1/fb), how well can we *in principle* do at

14 TeV, 300 ifb ?

14 TeV, 3000 ifb ?

33 TeV, 3000 ifb ?

100 TeV, 3000 ifb ?

# Assumptions

- We don't need to worry about scaling of background vs. signal
- Reconstruction efficiencies, background rejection, etc all stay reasonably constant

- Cross-sections are simply proportional to

$$N(m, s) = \frac{1}{m^2} \sum_{ij} C_{ij} \mathcal{L}_{ij}(m^2, s).$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{ij}(m^2, s) = \int_{\tau}^1 \frac{dx}{x} x f_i(x, m^2) \frac{\tau}{x} f_j\left(\frac{\tau}{x}, m^2\right) \quad \tau \equiv \frac{m^2}{s}$$

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$$N(m, s) = \frac{1}{m^2} \sum_{ij} C_{ij} \mathcal{L}_{ij}(m^2, s).$$

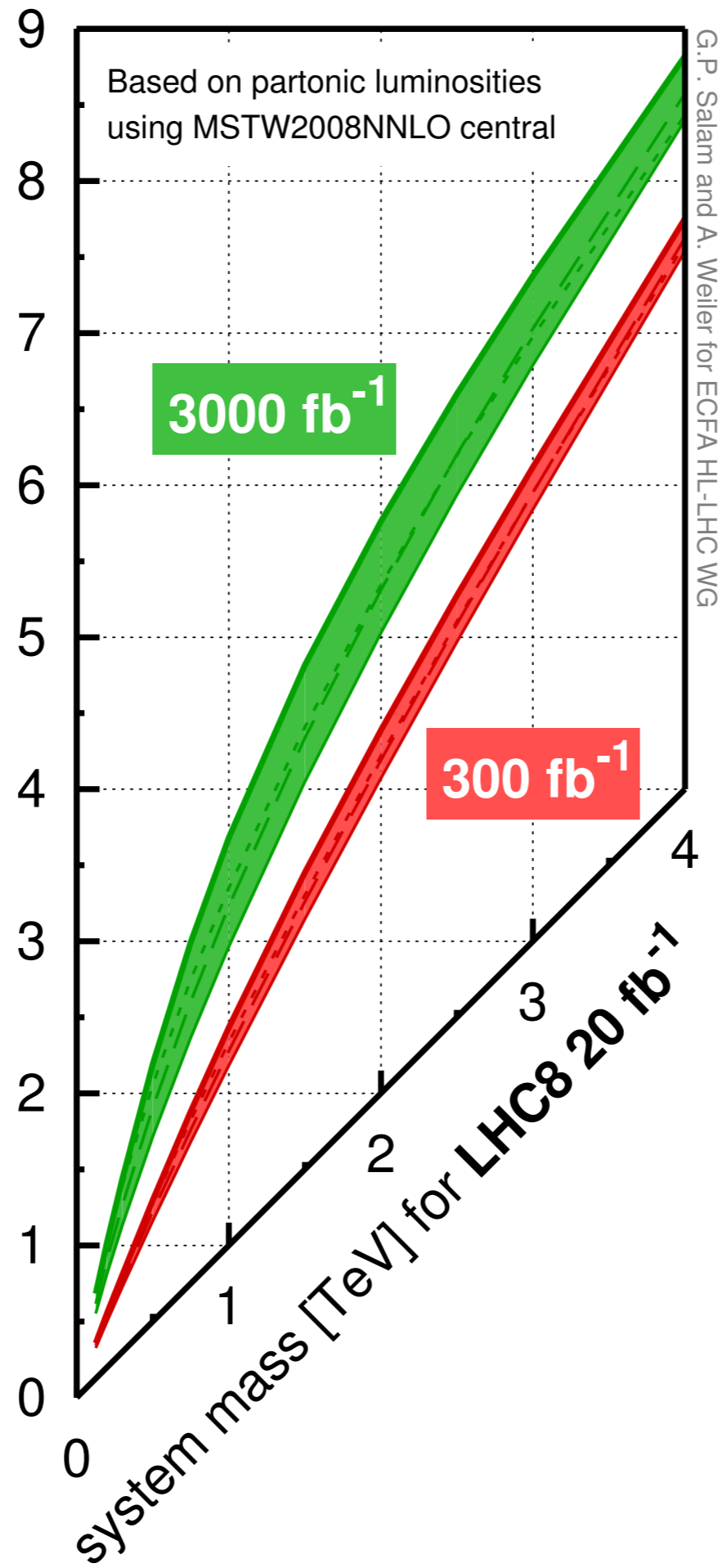
$$\mathcal{L}_{ij}(m^2, s) = \int_{\tau}^1 \frac{dx}{x} x f_i(x, m^2) \frac{\tau}{x} f_j\left(\frac{\tau}{x}, m^2\right) \quad \tau \equiv \frac{m^2}{s}$$

Very basic estimate: solve following equation for  **$M_{\text{high}}$**

$$\frac{N_{\text{signal-events}}(M_{\text{high}}^2, 14 \text{ TeV}, \text{Lumi})}{N_{\text{signal-events}}(M_{\text{low}}^2, 8 \text{ TeV}, 19 \text{ fb}^{-1})} = 1$$

Even simpler: instead of ratio of # of events, **use ratio of partonic luminosities** (e.g. qq lumi, gg lumi)

system mass [TeV] for LHC14



- $\Sigma\Sigma$
- -  $\Sigma g$
- ...  $\Sigma_i q_i \bar{q}_i$
- $gg$

# LHC comparison

1208.1447  
ATLAS-CONF-2013-024

gg

stop limits	[expected]	( $l_{sp} = 0 \text{gev}$ )
7tev, 4.7 ifb	500 gev	
8tev, 20.5 ifb	650 gev	----> 675 GeV

qqbar

ATLAS EXOT-2011-06  
ATLAS-CONF-2012-129  
ATLAS-CONF-2013-017

sequential z-prime	[expected]	
7tev, 1.1 ifb	1800 gev	
8tev, 6 ifb,	2500 gev	----> 2450 GeV
8 tev, 20 ifb	2800 gee	----> 2790 GeV

EXOT-2011-07  
ATLAS-CONF-2012-088  
ATLAS-CONF-2012-148

qg

excited quark $q^*$	[expected]	(NB, sig $\neq$ bgd scaling )
7 tev, 1 ifb	2900 gev	
8 tev, 5.8 ifb	3500 gev	----> 3700 GeV
8tev, 13 ifb	3700 gev	----> 3900 GeV



# LHC comparison

1208.1447  
ATLAS-CONF-2013-024

gg  
stop limits [expected] (lsp = 0gev) Baseline  
7tev, 4.7 ifb 500 gev ←  
8tev, 20.5 ifb 650 gev ----> 675 GeV

qqbar  
ATLAS EXOT-2011-06  
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sequential z-prime [expected]  
7tev, 1.1 ifb 1800 gev ←  
8tev, 6 ifb, 2500 gev ----> 2450 GeV  
8 tev, 20 ifb 2800 gee ----> 2790 GeV

qq  
EXOT-2011-07  
ATLAS-CONF-2012-088  
ATLAS-CONF-2012-148

excited quark q\* [expected] (NB, sig ≠ bgd scaling )  
7 tev, 1 ifb 2900 gev ←  
8 tev, 5.8 ifb 3500 gev ----> 3700 GeV  
8tev, 13 ifb 3700 gev ----> 3900 GeV

# LHC comparison

1208.1447  
ATLAS-CONF-2013-024

gg stop limits [expected] (lsp = 0gev) Baseline

7tev, 4.7 ifb	500 gev	←	
8tev, 20.5 ifb	650 gev	----	→ 675 GeV

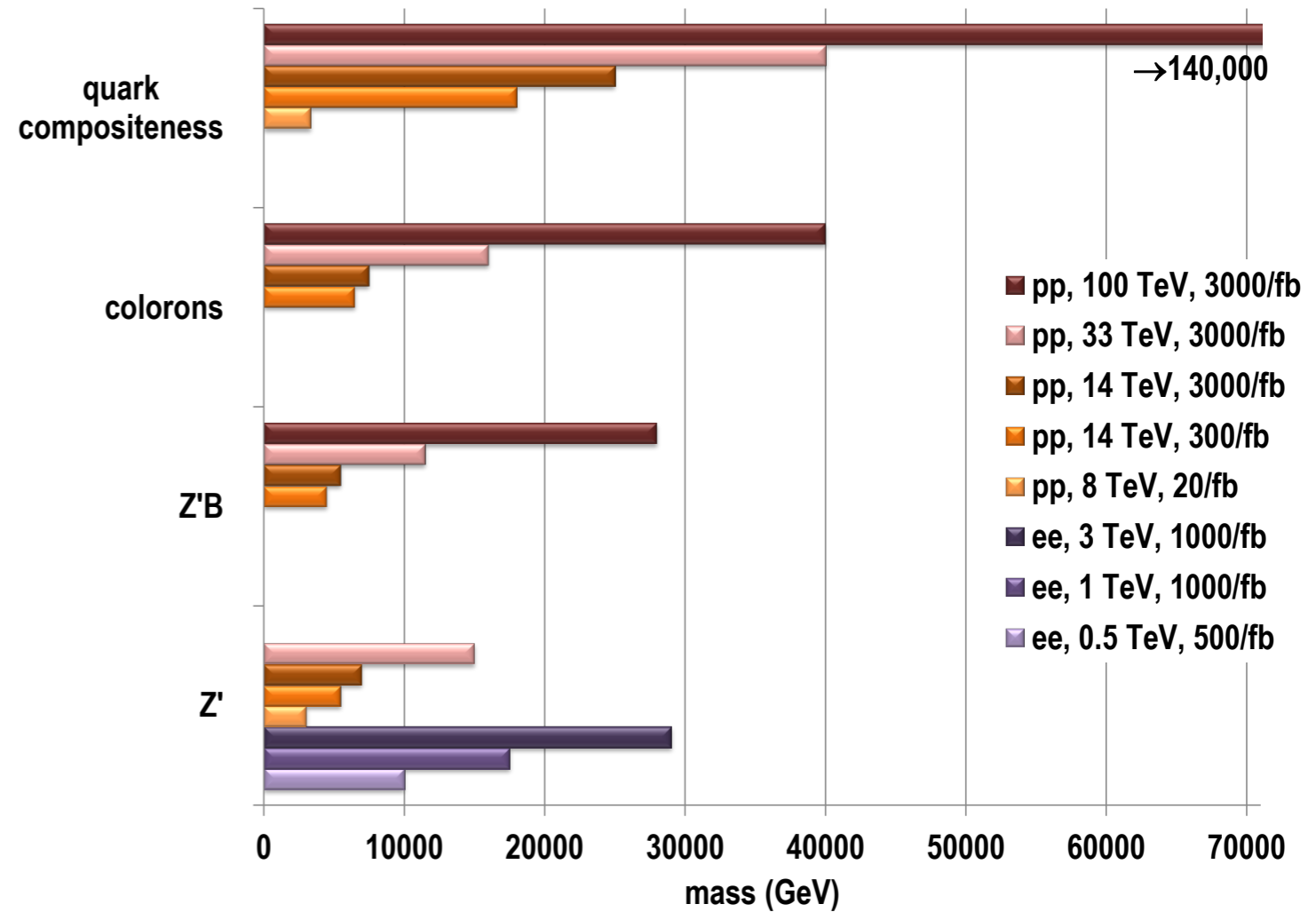
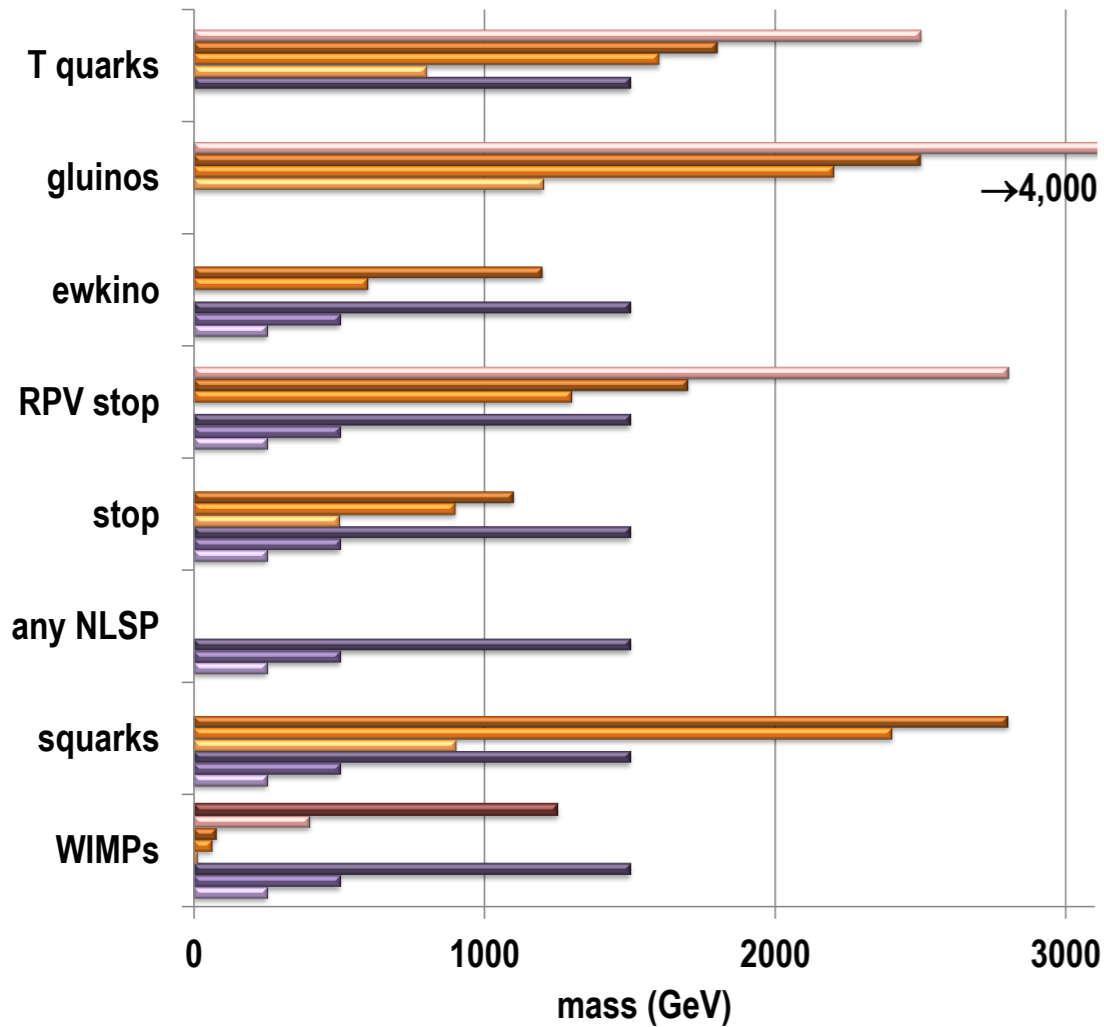
qqbar sequential z-prime [expected] Lumi method

7tev, 1.1 ifb	1800 gev	←	
8tev, 6 ifb,	2500 gev	----	→ 2450 GeV
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qq excited quark q\* [expected] (NB, sig ≠ bgd scaling )

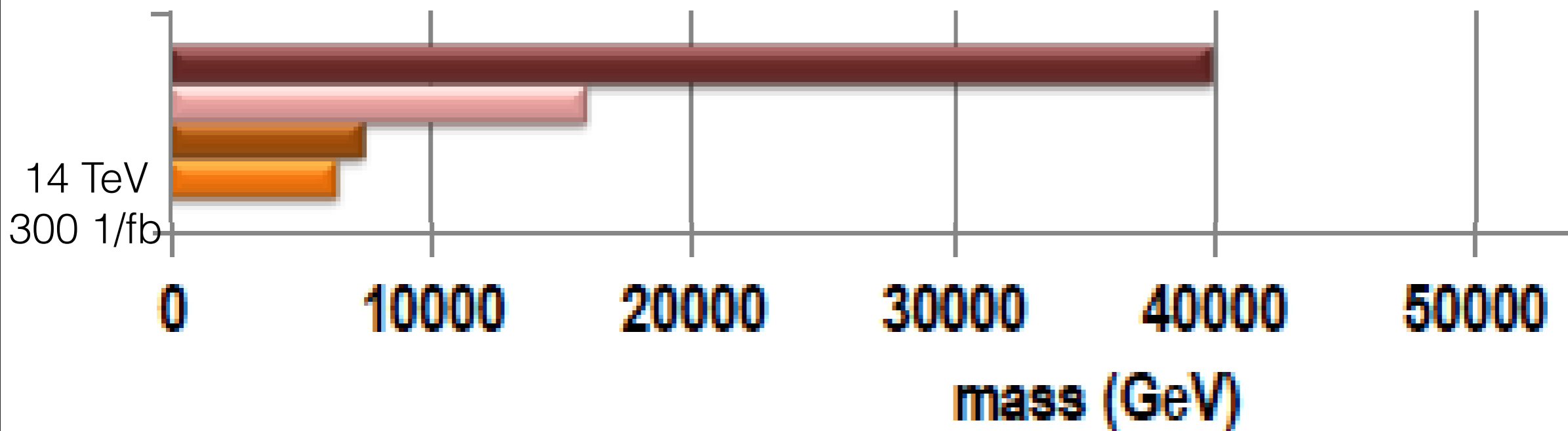
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# Future colliders comparison



Energy Frontier Snowmass study ([1311.0299](https://arxiv.org/abs/1311.0299))

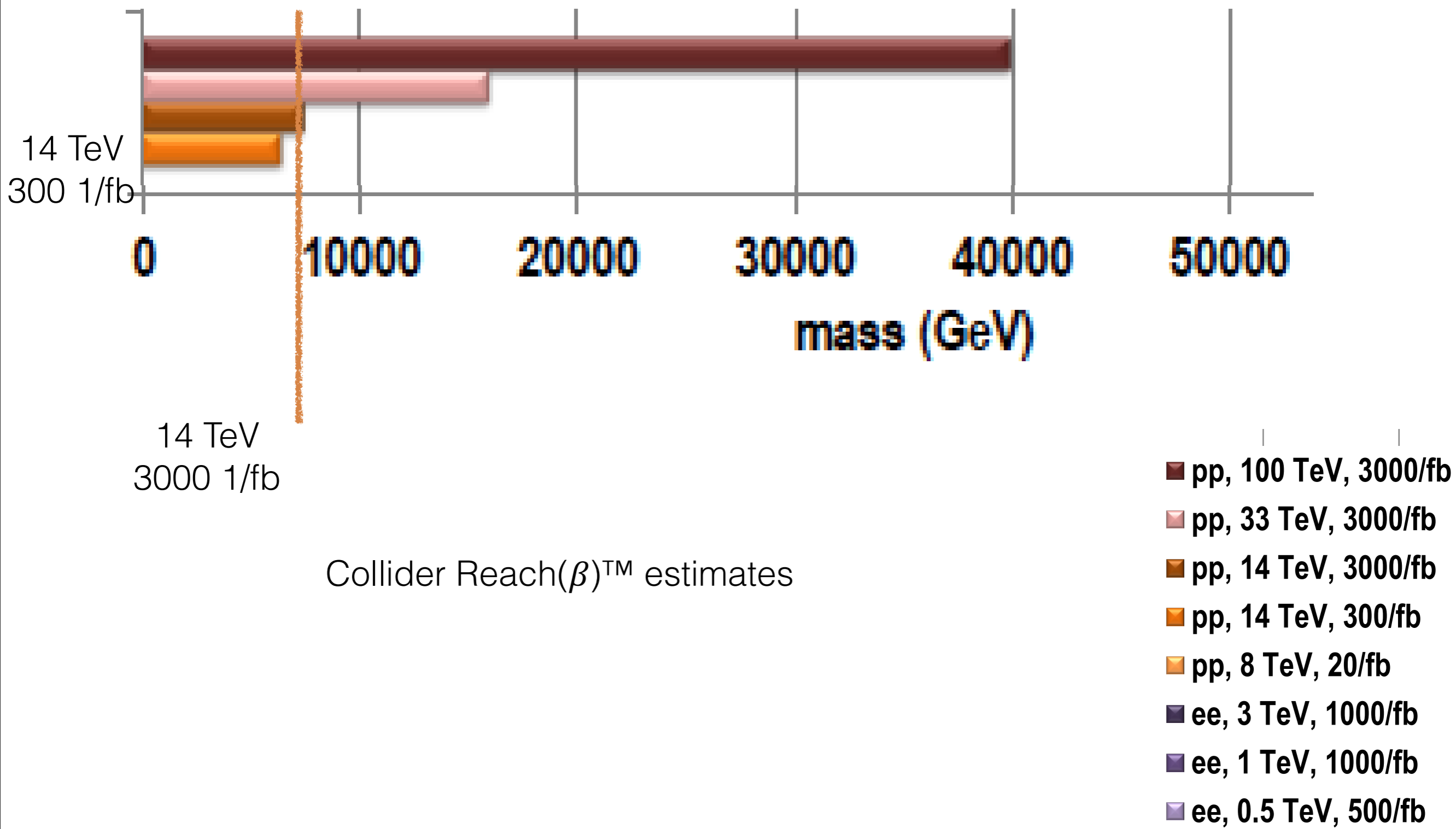
# Colorons



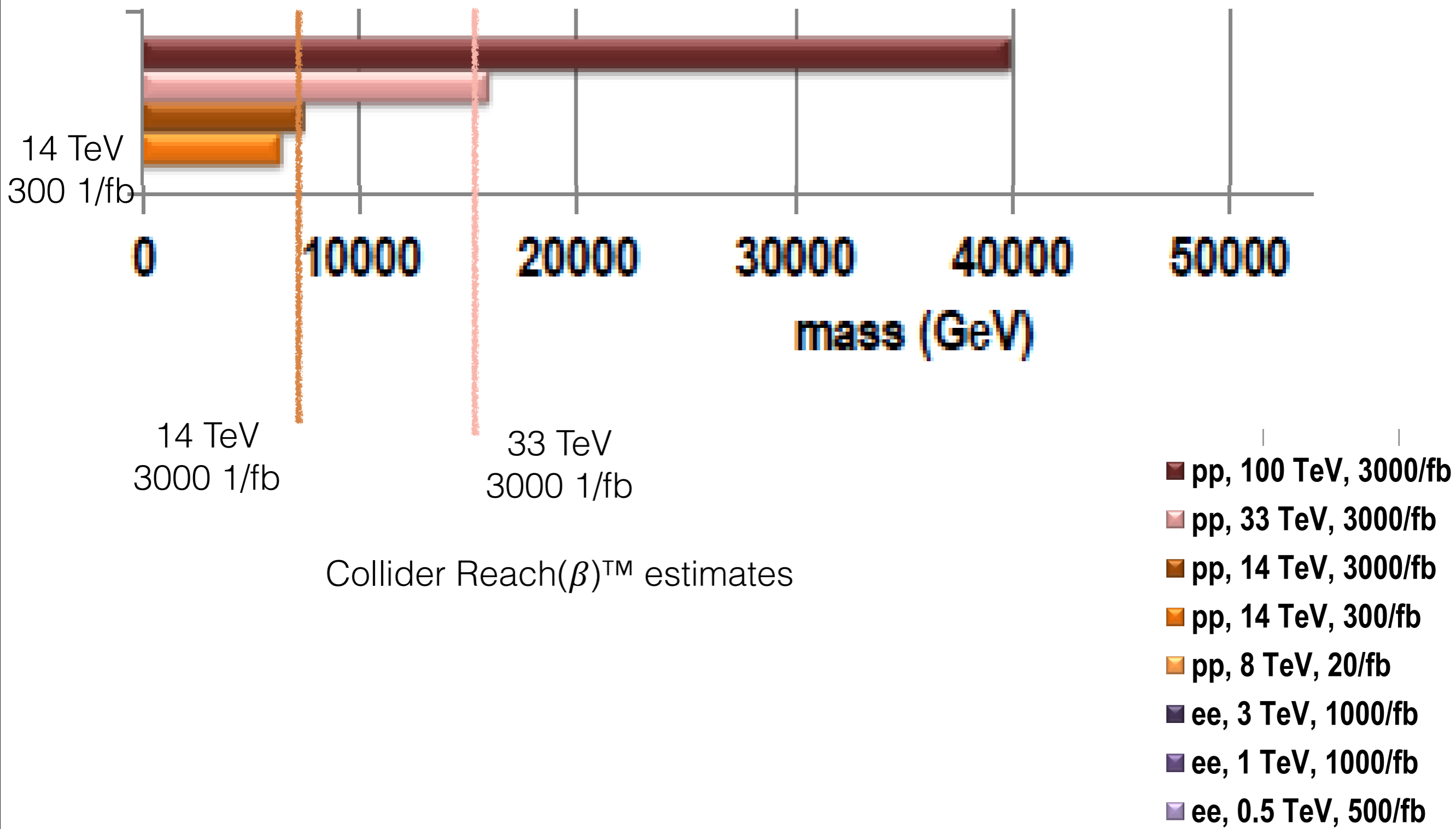
Collider Reach( $\beta$ )™ estimates

- pp, 100 TeV, 3000/fb
- pp, 33 TeV, 3000/fb
- pp, 14 TeV, 3000/fb
- pp, 14 TeV, 300/fb
- pp, 8 TeV, 20/fb
- ee, 3 TeV, 1000/fb
- ee, 1 TeV, 1000/fb
- ee, 0.5 TeV, 500/fb

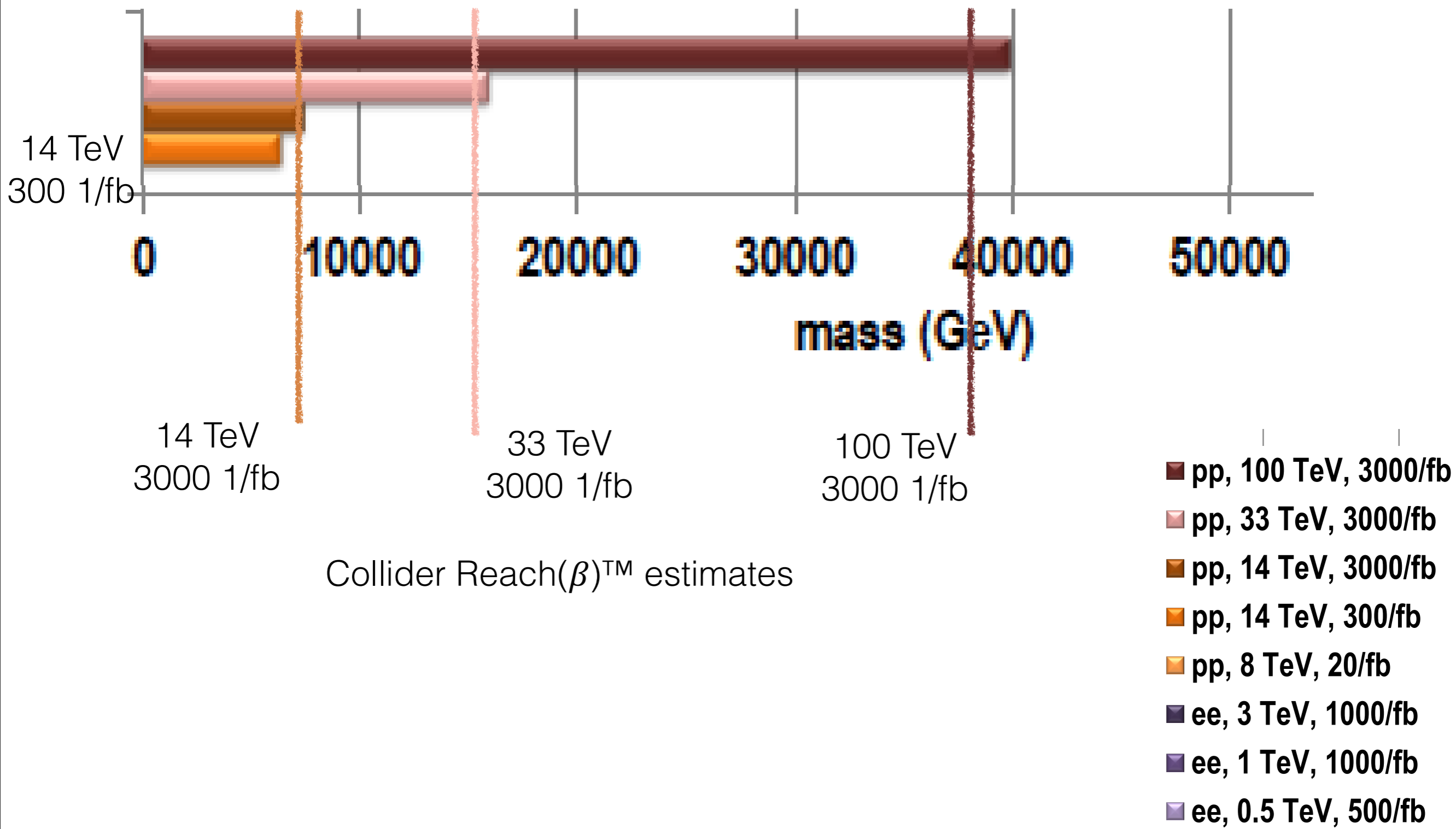
# Colorons



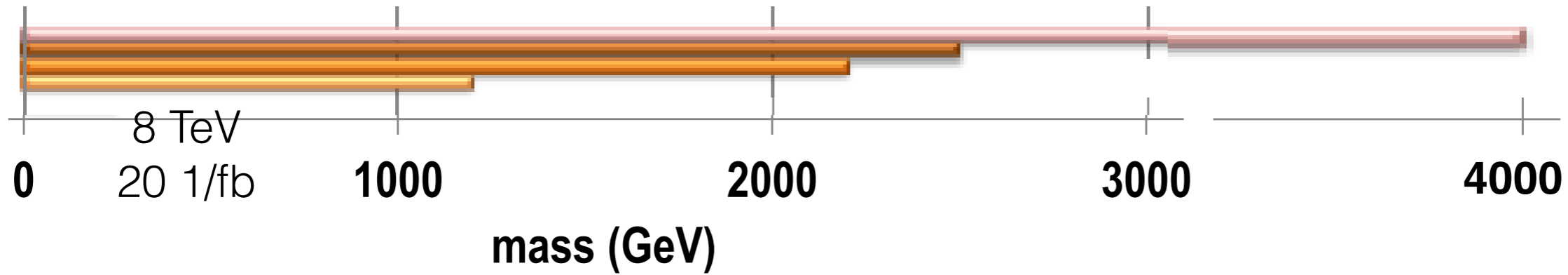
# Colorons



# Colorons



# Gluinos

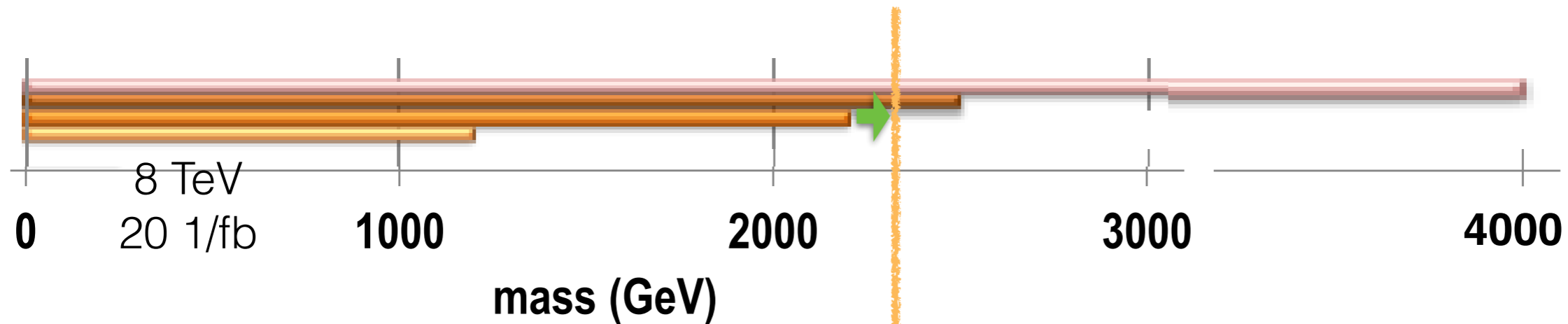


- pp, 100 TeV, 3000/fb
- pp, 33 TeV, 3000/fb
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- pp, 8 TeV, 20/fb
- ee, 3 TeV, 1000/fb
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Collider Reach( $\beta$ )™ estimates



# Gluinos

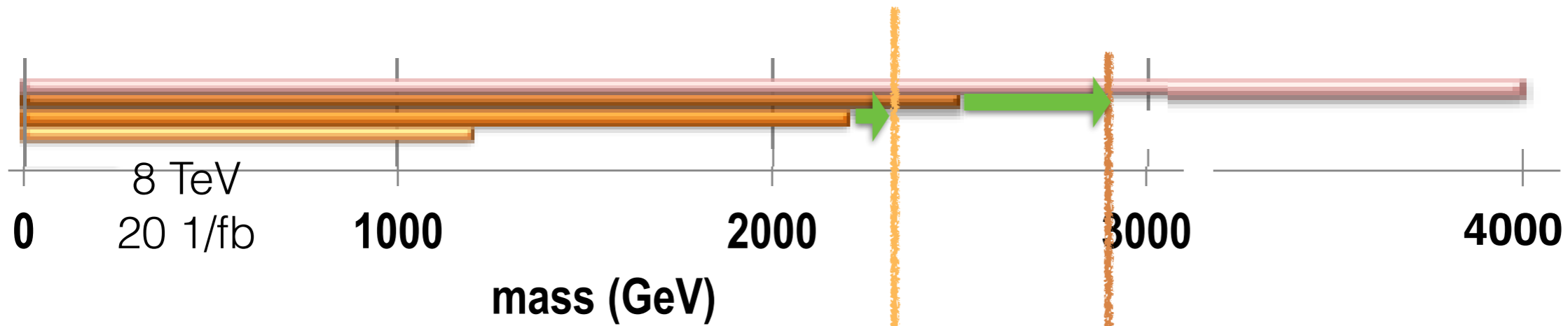


14 TeV  
300 1/fb

- pp, 100 TeV, 3000/fb
- pp, 33 TeV, 3000/fb
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- pp, 14 TeV, 300/fb
- pp, 8 TeV, 20/fb
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Collider Reach( $\beta$ )™ estimates

# Gluinos



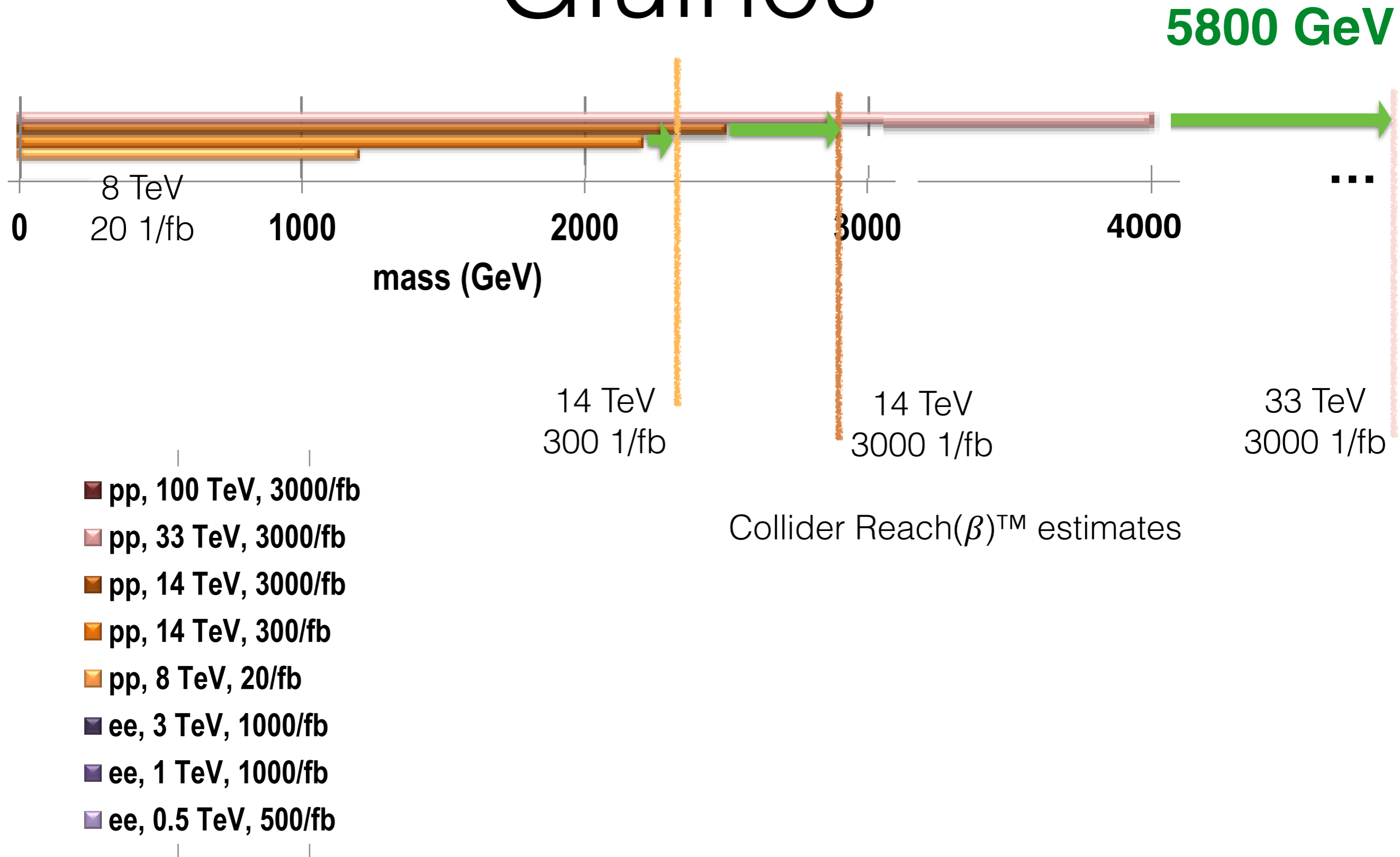
14 TeV  
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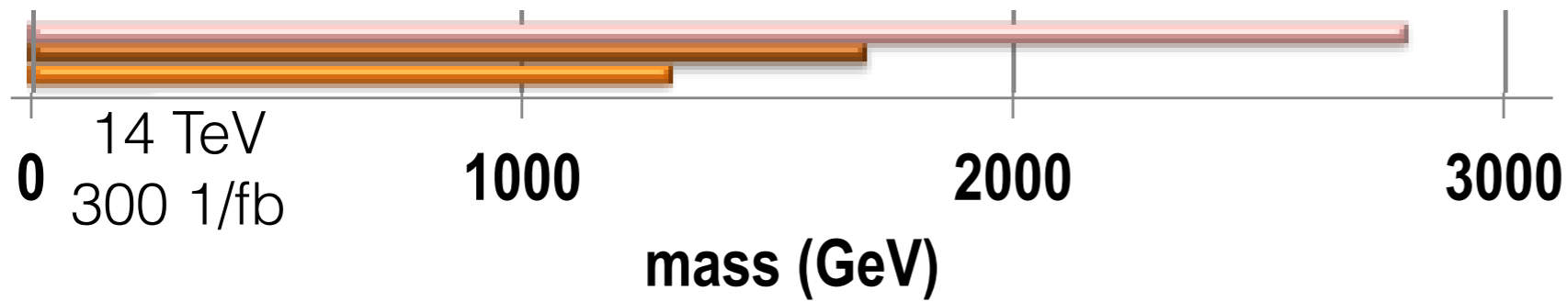
- pp, 100 TeV, 3000/fb
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Collider Reach( $\beta$ )<sup>TM</sup> estimates

# Gluinos



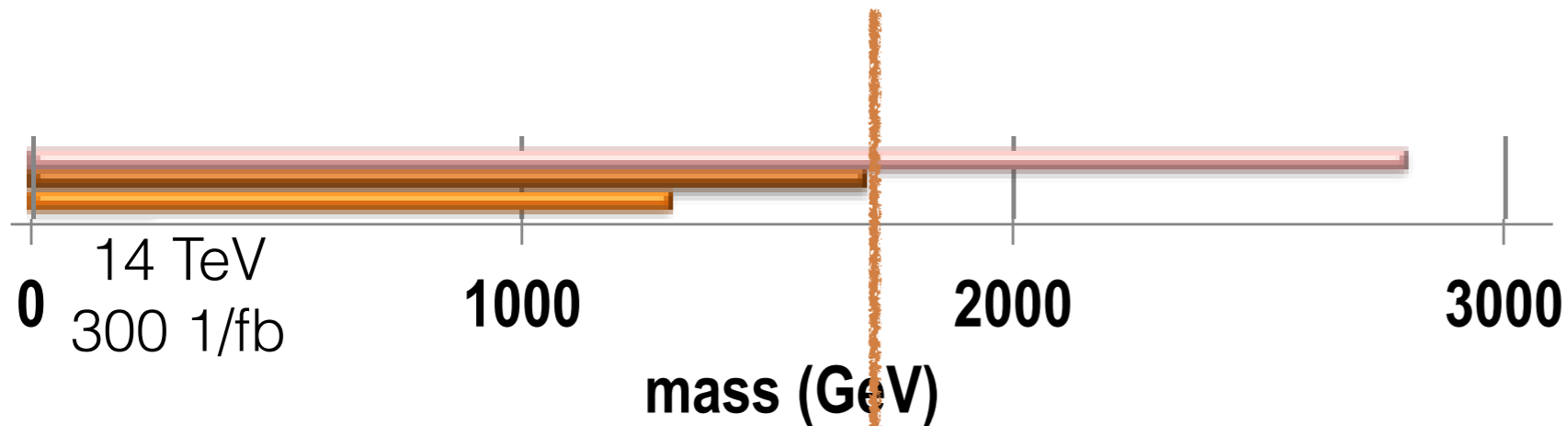
# RPV stops



- pp, 100 TeV, 3000/fb
- pp, 33 TeV, 3000/fb
- pp, 14 TeV, 3000/fb
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- ee, 3 TeV, 1000/fb
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Collider Reach( $\beta$ )™ estimates

# RPV stops

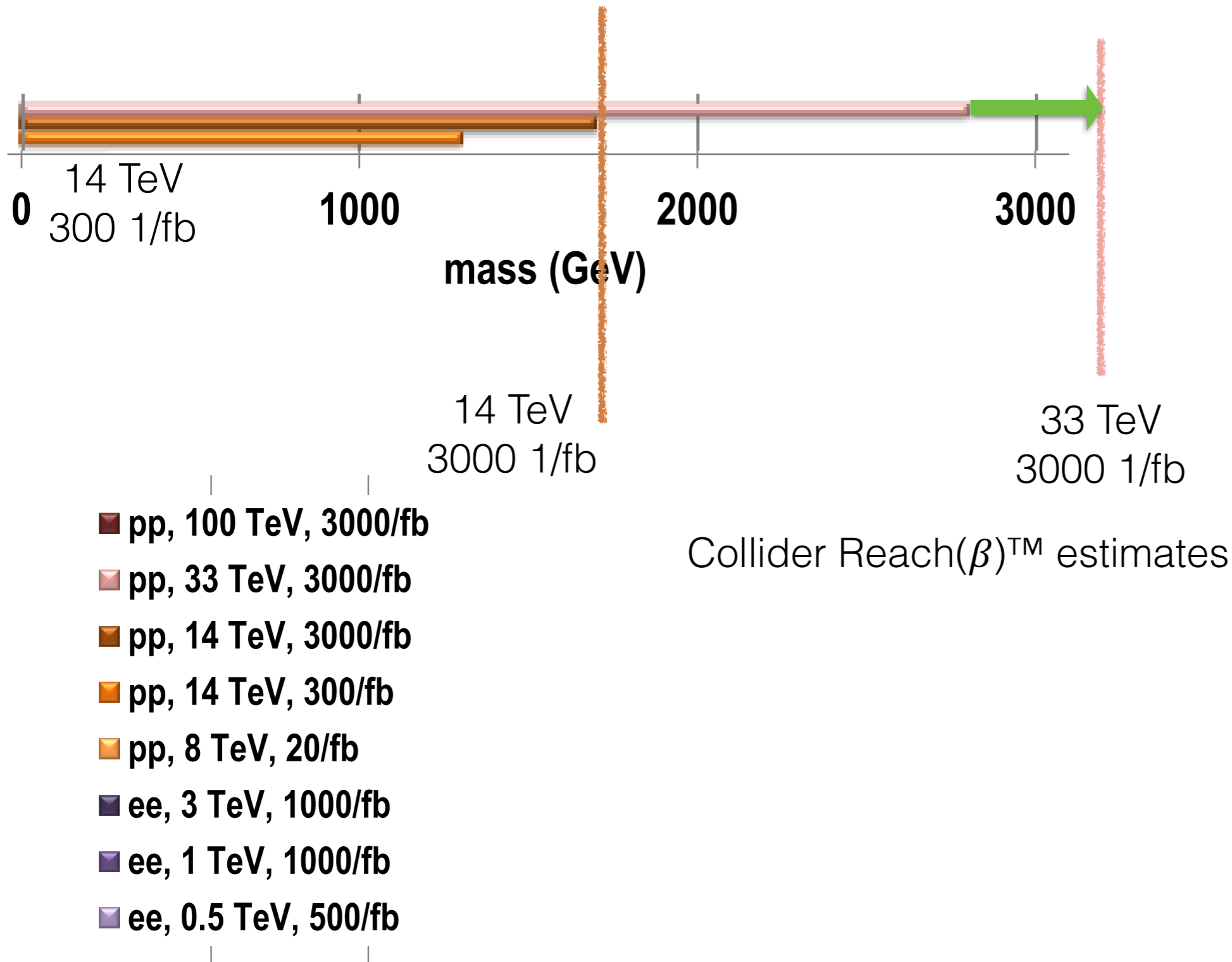


14 TeV  
3000 1/fb

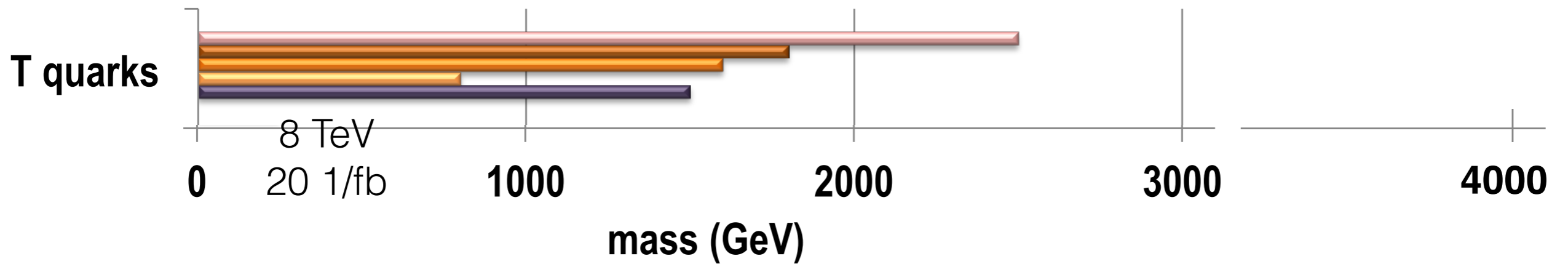
- pp, 100 TeV, 3000/fb
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- ee, 1 TeV, 1000/fb
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Collider Reach( $\beta$ )™ estimates

# RPV stops



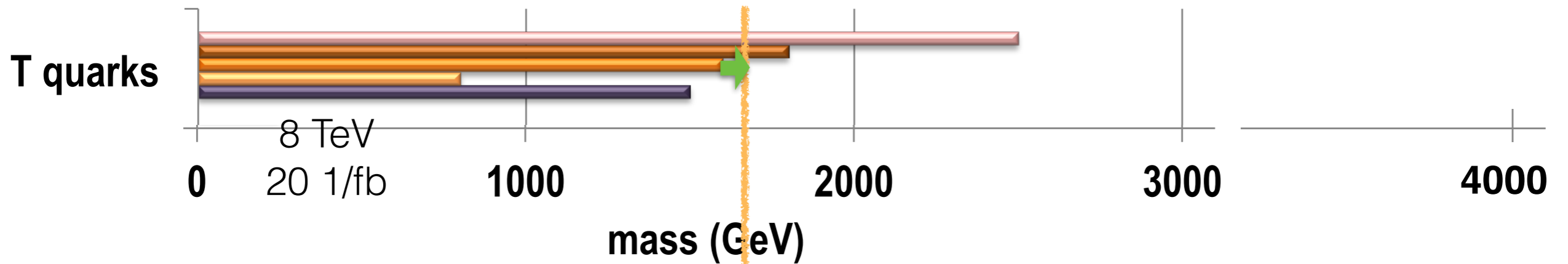
# T Quarks



- pp, 100 TeV, 3000/fb
- pp, 33 TeV, 3000/fb
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- ee, 3 TeV, 1000/fb
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Collider Reach( $\beta$ )<sup>TM</sup> estimates

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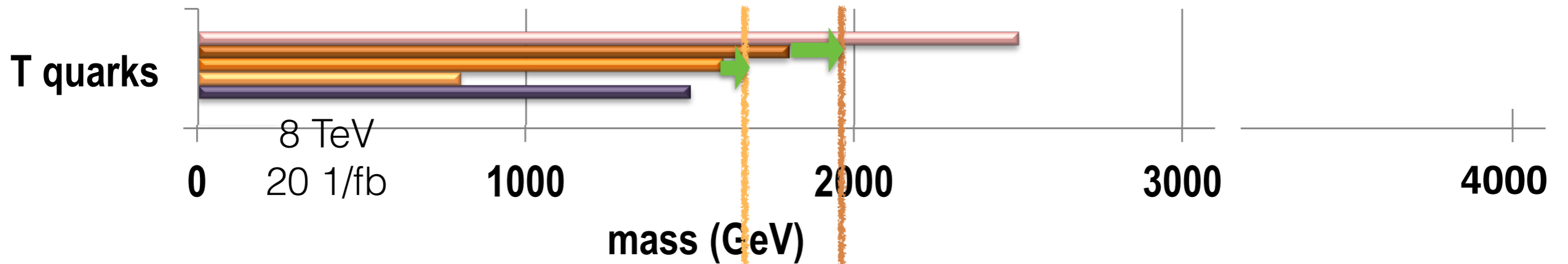
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- pp, 33 TeV, 3000/fb
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14 TeV  
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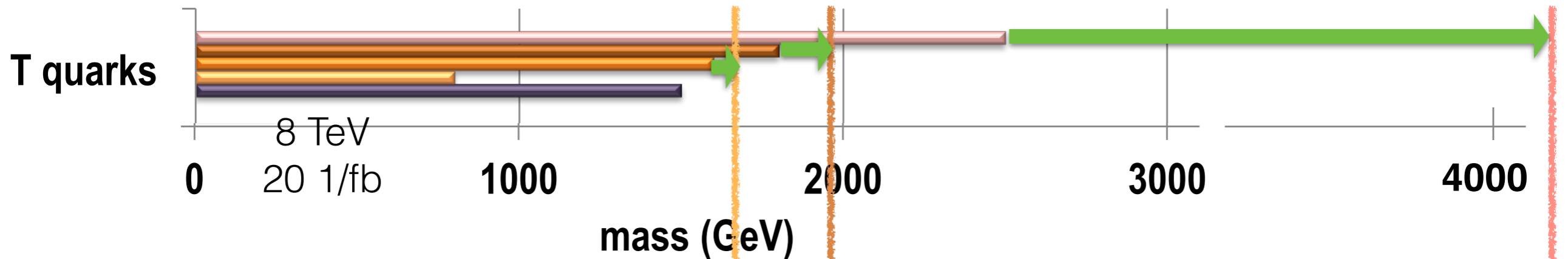
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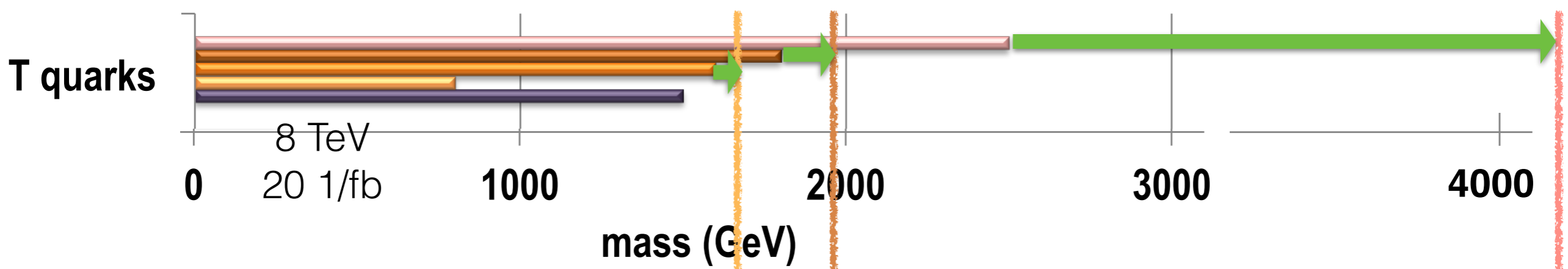
14 TeV  
300 1/fb

14 TeV  
3000 1/fb

33 TeV  
3000 1/fb

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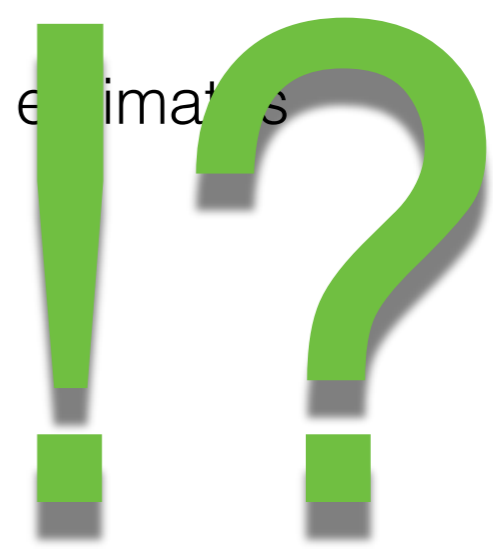
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300 1/fb

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3000 1/fb

33 TeV  
3000 1/fb

Collider Reach( $\beta$ )<sup>TM</sup> estimates



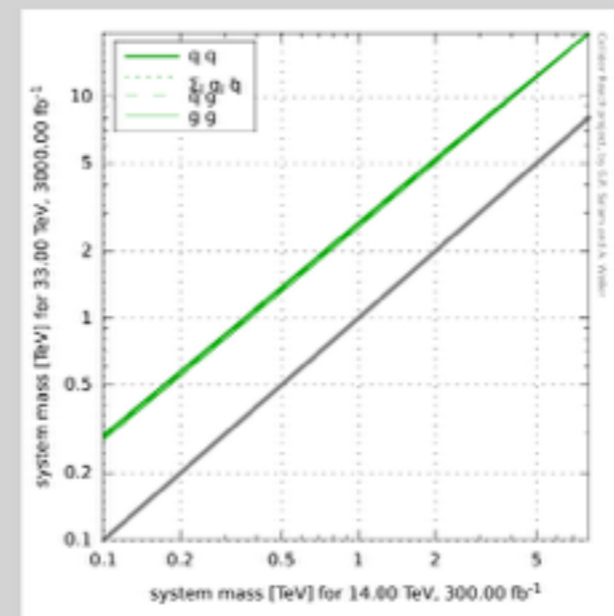
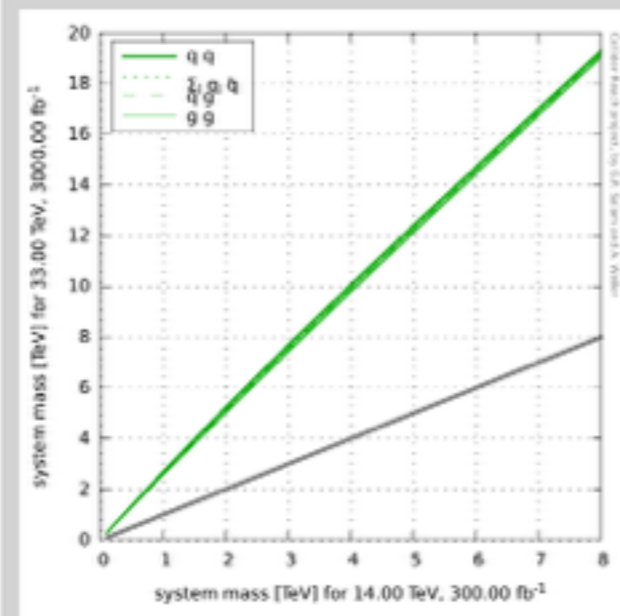
The Collider Reach tool gives you a quick (and dirty) estimate of the relation between the mass reaches of different proton-proton collider setups.

Collider 1: CoM energy  TeV, integrated luminosity  fb<sup>-1</sup>

Collider 2: CoM energy  TeV, integrated luminosity  fb<sup>-1</sup>

PDF:

## Plots

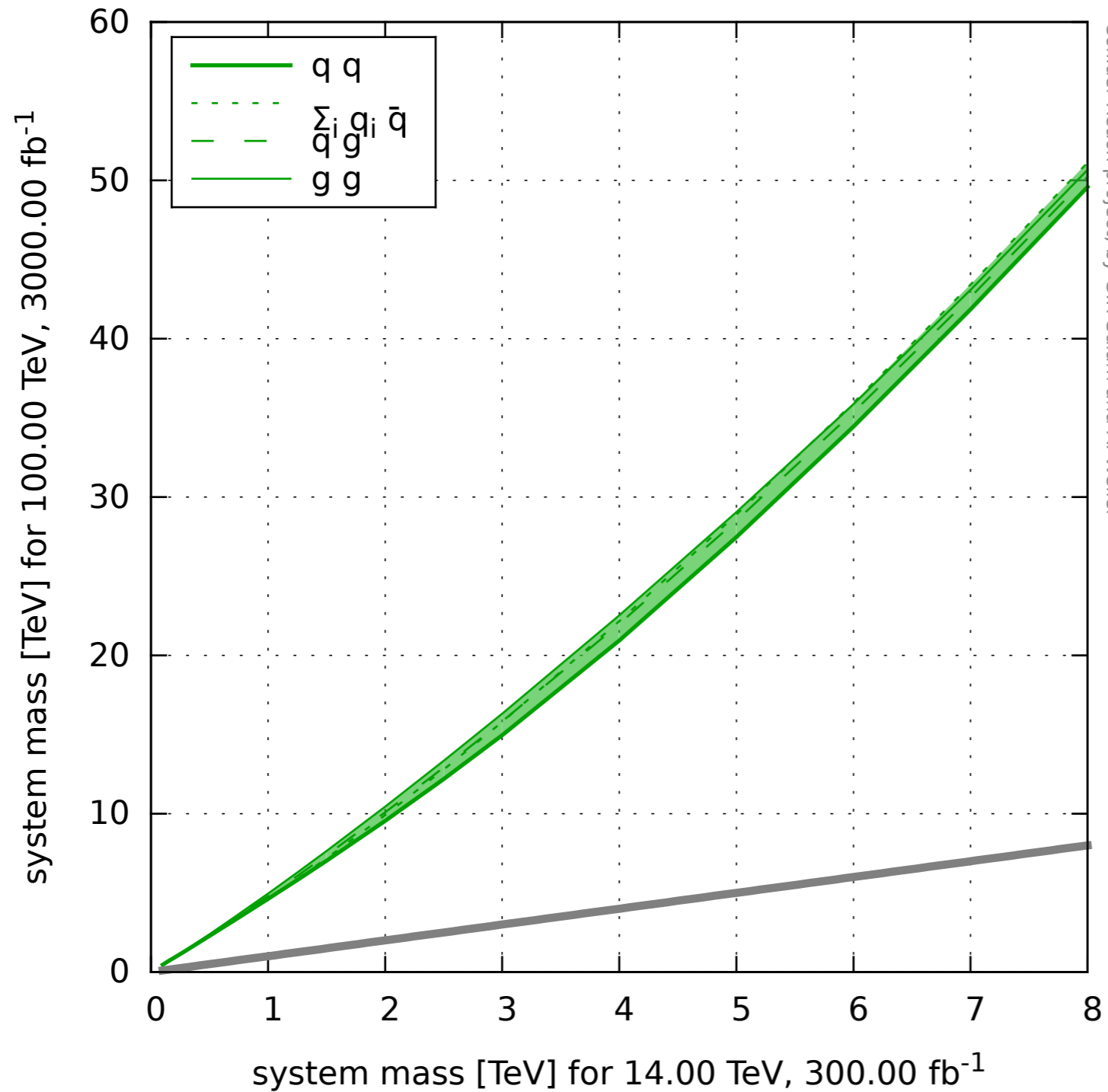


Download: [collider.pdf](#), [colliderloglog.pdf](#), plot generation [log file](#)

The PDF choice was CT10nlo.LHgrid

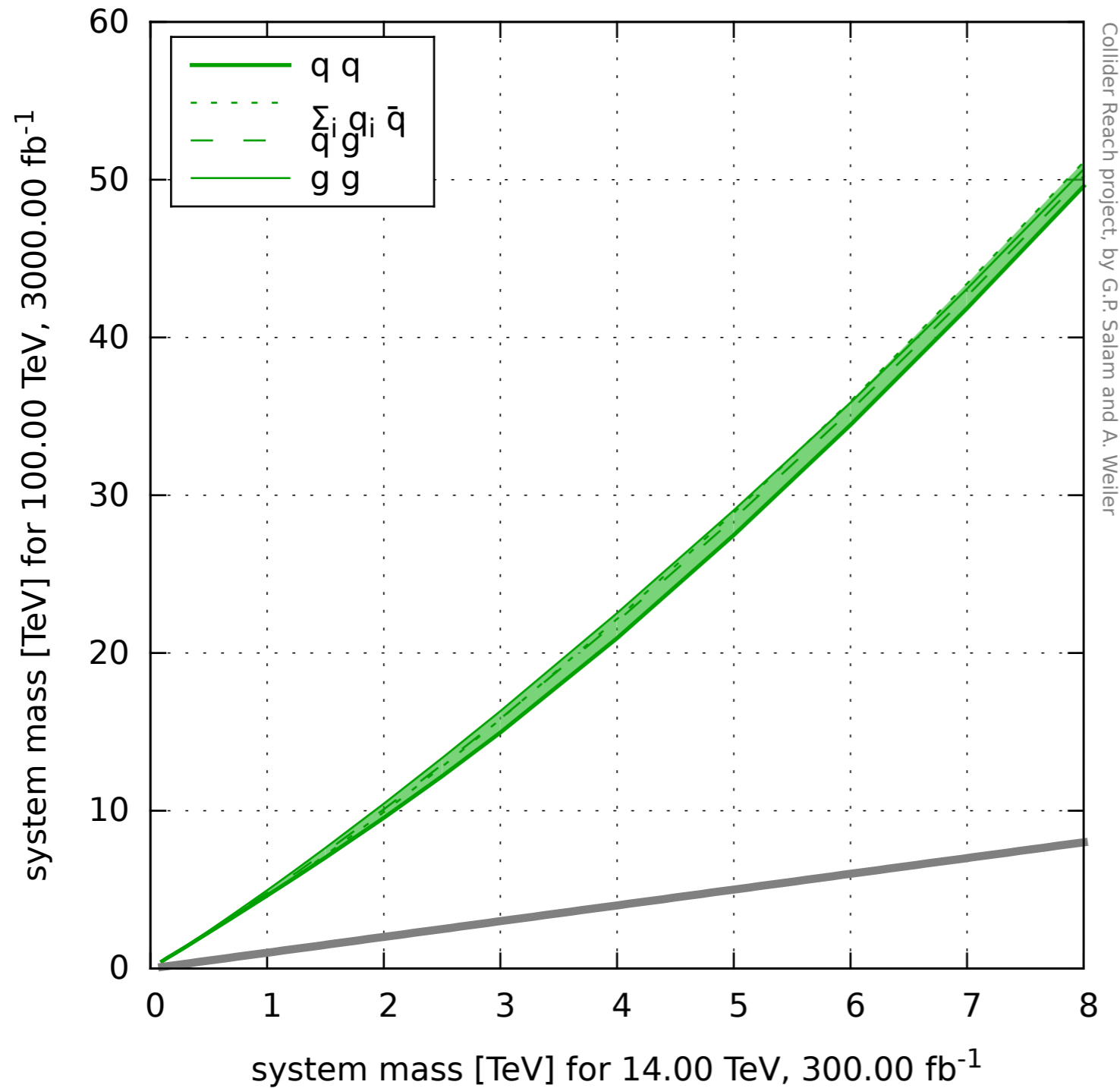
Original mass	gg	qg	allqq	qqbar
100.	283.	291.	298.	297.
125.	350.	359.	368.	367.
150.	416.	427.	438.	437.
200.	547.	562.	576.	575.
300.	806.	827.	848.	847.
500.	1317.	1350.	1386.	1382.
700.	1822.	1866.	1916.	1907.
1000.	2570.	2628.	2702.	2680.
1250.	3188.	3256.	3349.	3314.
1500.	3802.	3879.	3990.	3939.
2000.	5018.	5110.	5251.	5169.
2500.	6223.	6327.	6488.	6380.
3000.	7417.	7530.	7703.	7578.
4000.	9782.	9904.	10082.	9945.
5000.	12120.	12246.	12417.	12284.
6000.	14439.	14565.	14726.	14601.
7000.	16748.	16871.	17021.	16905.
8000.	19053.	19169.	19310.	19206.

14 TeV<sub>300 1/fb</sub> → 100 TeV<sub>3 1/ab</sub>



Collider Reach project, by G.P. Salam and A. Weiler

14 TeV<sub>300 1/fb</sub> → 100 TeV<sub>3 1/ab</sub>



The PDF choice was CT10nlo.LHgrid

Original mass	gg	qg	allqq	qqbar
100.	469.	465.	462.	457.
125.	585.	579.	575.	568.
150.	702.	693.	687.	679.
200.	937.	923.	912.	902.
300.	1414.	1386.	1365.	1350.
500.	2394.	2332.	2279.	2261.
700.	3401.	3300.	3206.	3194.
1000.	4956.	4793.	4619.	4640.
1250.	6287.	6072.	5818.	5892.
1500.	7647.	7382.	7038.	7187.
2000.	10444.	10090.	9552.	9905.
2500.	13337.	12908.	12185.	12781.
3000.	16319.	15833.	14954.	15795.
4000.	22531.	21986.	20933.	22162.
5000.	29050.	28508.	27467.	28894.
6000.	35863.	35366.	34451.	35960.
7000.	43079.	42620.	41854.	43411.
8000.	50671.	50230.	49590.	51132.

# Conclusions

[cern.ch/collider-reach](http://cern.ch/collider-reach) \*

\* currently only accessible from within CERN, security clearance should arrive anytime soon

**Based on LHAPDF and HOPPET**

